REC'D & FILED JASON D. WOODBURY 1 2014 MAR 12 PM 3:54 Nevada Bar No. 6870 KAEMPFER CROWELL 2 510 West Fourth Street ALAN GLOVER Carson City, Nevada 89703 3 Electronically, Filed Telephone: (775) 884-8300 Mar 14 2014 10:30 a.m. Facsimile: (775) 882-0257 4 Tracie K. Lindeman jwoodbury@kcnvlaw.com Clerk of Supreme Court Attorneys for Reza Zandian 5 IN THE FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT 6 OF THE STATE OF NEVADA IN AND FOR CARSON CITY 7 8 JED MARGOLIN, an individual, 9 Plaintiff, 10 vs. 11 OPTIMA TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION, Case No. 09 OC 00579 1B 12 a California corporation, OPTIMA TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION, a Nevada Dept. No. Ι 13 corporation, REZA ZANDIAN aka GOLAMREZA ZANDIANJAZI aka 14 GHOLAM REZA ZANDIAN aka REZA JAZI aka J. REZA JAZI aka G. REZA JAZI 15 aka GHONOREZA ZANDIAN JAZI, an individual, DOE Companies 1-10, DOE 16 Corporations 11-20, and DOE Individuals 21-30, 17 Defendants. 18 19 **NOTICE OF APPEAL** 20 Notice is hereby given that REZA ZANDIAN, a Defendant above-named, hereby 21 appeals to the Supreme Court of Nevada from the Order Denying Defendant Reza 22 Zandian aka Golamreza Zandianjazi aka Gholam Reza Zandian aka Reza Jazi aka J. 23 Reza Jazi aka G. Reza Jazi aka Ghonoreza Zandian Jazi's Motion to Set Aside Default 24 Judgment entered in this action on the 6th day of February, 2014. A Notice of Entry of

Page 1 of 3

Docket 65205 Document 2014-08327

1	Order was served by mail upon counsel for Reza Zandian on February 10, 2014, a true	
2	and correct copy of which is attached to this Notice of Appeal as Exhibit 1. A cash	
3	deposit in the amount of \$500.00 has been submitted herewith as evidenced by the	
4	Notice of Cash Deposit in Lieu of Bond filed contemporaneously herewith.	
5	DATED this 12th day of March, 2014.	
6	KAEMPFER CROWELL	
7		
8	BY: ASON D. WOODBURY	
9	Nevada Bar No. 6870 KAEMPFER CROWELL	
10	510 West Fourth Street Carson City, Nevada 89703	
11	Telephone: (775) 884-8300 Facsimile: (775) 882-0257	
12	jwoodbury@kcnvlaw.com Attorneys for Reza Zandian	
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Page 2 of 3

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pursuant to NRAP 25(d) and NRCP 5(b), I hereby certify that service of the foregoing **NOTICE OF APPEAL** was made this date by depositing a true copy of the same for mailing at Carson City, Nevada, first class postage pre-paid, addressed to each of the following:

Matthew D. Francis Adam P. McMillen WATSON ROUNDS 5371 Kietzke Lane Reno, NV 89511

DATED this _____day of March, 2014.

an employee of Kaempfer Crowell

Street

Page 3 of 3

JED MARGOLIN, an individual,

Plaintiff,

vs.

OPTIMA TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION, a California corporation, OPTIMA TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION, a Nevada corporation, REZA ZANDIAN aka GOLAMREZA ZANDIANJAZI aka GHOLAM REZA ZANDIAN aka REZA JAZI aka J. REZA JAZI aka G. REZA JAZI aka GHONOREZA ZANDIAN JAZI, an individual, DOE Companies 1-10, DOE Corporations 11-20, and DOE Individuals 21-30,

Defendants.

First Judicial District Court of the State of Nevada in and for Carson City

Case No. 09 OC 00579 1B Dept. No. I

NOTICE OF APPEAL

Exhibit List

Exhibit No.	Description of Exhibit	Exhibit Pages	
1	Notice of Entry of Order (Feb. 6, 2014)	14	

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KAEMPFER CROWELL RENSHAW GRONAUER & FIORENTINO 510 W. Fourth Street Carson City, Nevada 89703

EXHIBIT 1

EXHIBIT 1

Matthew D. Francis (6978)
Adam P. McMillen (10678)
WATSON ROUNDS
5371 Kietzke Lane
Reno, NV 89511
Telephone: 775-324-4100
Facsimile: 775-333-8171
Attorneys for Plaintiff Jed Margolin

2014 FEB 10 PM 3: 19

ALAN GLUY

CLERK

DEPTITY

In The First Judicial District Court of the State of Nevada In and for Carson City

JED MARGOLIN, an individual,

Plaintiff,

VS.

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OPTIMA TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION, a California corporation, OPTIMA TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION, a Nevada corporation, REZA ZANDIAN aka GOLAMREZA ZANDIANJAZI aka GHOLAM REZA ZANDIAN aka REZA JAZI aka J. REZA JAZI aka G. REZA JAZI aka GHONONREZA ZANDIAN JAZI, an individual, DOE Companies 1-10, DOE Corporations 11-20, and DOE Individuals 21-30,

Defendants.

Case No.: 090C00579 1B

Dept. No.: 1

NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER

TO: All parties:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that on February 6, 2014, the Court entered its Order

Denying Defendant Reza Zandian aka Golamreza Zandianjazi aka Gholam Reza Zandian aka

Reza Jazi aka J. Reza Jazi aka G. Reza Jazi aka Ghononreza Zandian Jazi's Motion to Set

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Aside Default Judgment. Attached as Exhibit 1 is a true and correct copy of such Order. Affirmation Pursuant to NRS 239B.030 The undersigned does hereby affirm that the preceding document does not contain the social security number of any person. DATED: February 2, 2014. WATSON ROUNDS menther Matthew D. Francis Adam P. McMillen Watson Rounds 5371 Kietzke Lane Reno, NV 89511 Attorneys for Plaintiff Jed Margolin

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of Watson Rounds, and that on this date, I deposited for mailing, in a sealed envelope, with first-class postage prepaid, a true and correct copy of the foregoing document, **Notice of Entry of Order**, addressed as follows:

Johnathon Fayeghi, Esq. Hawkins Melendrez 9555 Hillwood Dr., Suite 150 Las Vegas, NV 89134 Counsel for Reza Zandian

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Optima Technology Corp. A California corporation 8401 Bonita Downs Road Fair Oaks, CA 95628

Optima Technology Corp. A Nevada corporation 8401 Bonita Downs Road Fair Oaks, CA 95628

Optima Technology Corp. A California corporation 8775 Costa Verde Blvd. #501 San Diego, CA 92122

Optima Technology Corp. A Nevada corporation 8775 Costa Verde Blvd. #501 San Diego, CA 92122

Dated: February 10th, 2014.

Mana Krinds Ca Nancy R. Mindsley

Exhibit 1

Exhibit 1

Case No.: 09 OC 00579 1B

REC'D & FILED

2014 FEB -6 AM 8:51

BY CLERK

Dept. No.: 1

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In The First Judicial District Court of the State of Nevada
In and for Carson City

JED MARGOLIN, an individual,

Plaintiff,

VS.

OPTIMA TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION, a California corporation, OPTIMA TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION, a Nevada corporation, REZA ZANDIAN aka GOLAMREZA ZANDIANJAZI aka GHOLAM REZA ZANDIAN aka REZA JAZI aka J. REZA JAZI aka G. REZA JAZI aka GHONONREZA ZANDIAN JAZI, an individual, DOE Companies 1-10, DOE Corporations 11-20, and DOE Individuals 21-30,

Defendants.

ORDER DENYING DEFENDANT
REZA ZANDIAN AKA GOLAMREZA
ZANDIANJAZI AKA GHOLAM REZA
ZANDIAN AKA REZA JAZI AKA J.
REZA JAZI AKA G. REZA JAZI AKA
GHONONREZA ZANDIAN JAZI'S
MOTION TO SET ASIDE DEFAULT
JUDGMENT

This matter comes before the Court on REZA ZANDIAN aka GOLAMREZA ZANDIANJAZI aka GHOLAM REZA ZANDIAN aka REZA JAZI aka J. REZA JAZI aka G. REZA JAZI aka GHONONREZA ZANDIAN JAZI's ("Zandian") Motion to Set Aside Default Judgment, dated December 19, 2013. Plaintiff Jed Margolin filed an Opposition to Set Aside Default Judgment on January 19, 2014. Zandian served a reply in support of the Motion to Set Aside on January 23, 2014. Based upon the following facts and conclusions of law, Zandian's Motion to Set Aside is DENIED.

I. FACTUAL BACKGROUND

Plaintiff Jed Margolin is the named inventor on United States Patent No. 5,566,073 ("the '073 Patent"), United States Patent No. 5,904,724 ("the '724 Patent"), United States Patent No. 5,978,488 ("the '488 Patent") and United States Patent No. 6,377,436 ("the '436 Patent") (collectively "the Patents"). See Amended Complaint, filed 8/11/11, ¶¶ 9-10. In 2004, Mr. Margolin granted to Robert Adams, then CEO of Optima Technology, Inc. (later renamed Optima Technology Group (hereinafter "OTG"), a Cayman Islands Corporation specializing in aerospace technology) a Power of Attorney regarding the Patents. Id. at ¶ 11. Subsequently, Mr. Margolin assigned the '073 and '724 Patents to OTG and revoked the Power of Attorney. Id. at ¶ 13.

In May 2006, OTG and Mr. Margolin licensed the '073 and '724 Patents to Geneva Aerospace, Inc., and Mr. Margolin received a royalty payment pursuant to a royalty agreement between Mr. Margolin and OTG. *Id.* at ¶ 12. On or about October 2007, OTG licensed the '073 Patent to Honeywell International, Inc., and Mr. Margolin received a royalty payment pursuant to a royalty agreement between Mr. Margolin and OTG. *Id.* at ¶ 14.

On or about December 5, 2007, Zandian filed with the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office ("USPTO") assignment documents allegedly assigning all four of the Patents to Optima Technology Corporation ("OTC"), a company apparently owned by Zandian at the time. *Id.* at ¶ 15. Shortly thereafter, on November 9, 2007, Mr. Margolin, Robert Adams, and OTG were named as defendants in the case titled *Universal Avionics Systems Corporation v. Optima Technology Group, Inc.*, No. CV 07-588-TUC-RCC (the "Arizona action"). *Id.* at ¶ 17. Zandian was not a party in the Arizona action. Nevertheless, the plaintiff in the Arizona action asserted that Mr. Margolin and OTG were not the owners of the '073 and '724 Patents, and OTG filed a cross-claim for declaratory relief against Optima Technology Corporation ("OTC") in order to obtain legal title to the respective patents. *Id.*

On August 18, 2008, the United States District Court for the District of Arizona entered a default judgment against OTC and found that OTC had no interest in the '073 or '724 Patents, and that the assignment documents filed with the USPTO were "forged, invalid,

void, of no force and effect." *Id.* at ¶ 18; *see also* Exhibit B to Zandian's Motion to Dismiss, dated 11/16/11, on file herein.

Due to Zandian's acts, title to the Patents was clouded and interfered with Plaintiff's and OTG's ability to license the Patents. *Id.* at ¶ 19. In addition, during the period of time Mr. Margolin worked to correct record title of the Patents in the Arizona action and with the USPTO, he incurred significant litigation and other costs associated with those efforts. *Id.* at ¶ 20.

II. PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND

Plaintiff filed his Complaint on December 11, 2009, and the Complaint was personally served on Zandian on February 2, 2010, and on Defendants Optima Technology Corporation, a Nevada corporation, and Optima Technology Corporation, a California corporation on March 21, 2010. Zandian's answer to Plaintiff's Complaint was due on February 22, 2010, but Zandian did not answer the Complaint or respond in any way. Default was entered against Zandian on December 2, 2010, and Plaintiff filed and served a Notice of Entry of Default on Zandian on December 7, 2010 and on his last known attorney on December 16, 2010.

The answers of Defendants Optima Technology Corporation, a Nevada corporation, and Optima Technology Corporation, a California corporation, were due on March 8, 2010, but Defendants did not answer the Complaint or respond in any way. Default was entered against Defendants Optima Technology Corporation, a Nevada corporation, and Optima Technology Corporation, a California corporation on December 2, 2010. Plaintiff filed and served a Notice of Entry of Default on the corporate entities on December 7, 2010 and on their last known attorney on December 16, 2010.

The defaults were set aside and Zandian's motion to dismiss was denied on August 3, 2011. On September 27, 2011, this Court ordered that service of process against all Defendants may be made by publication. As manifested by the affidavits of service, filed herein on November 7, 2011, all Defendants were duly served by publication by November 2011.

On February 21, 2012, the Court denied Zandian's motion to dismiss the Amended Complaint. On March 5, 2012, Zandian served a General Denial to the Amended Complaint. On March 13, 2012, the corporate Defendants served a General Denial to the Amended Complaint.

On June 28, 2012, this Court issued an order requiring the corporate Defendants to retain counsel and that counsel enter an appearance on behalf of the corporate Defendants by July 15, 2012. The June 28, 2012 order further provided that if no such appearance was entered, the corporate Defendants' General Denial would be stricken. Since no appearance was their behalf of the corporate Defendants, a default was entered against them on September 24, 2012. A notice of entry of default judgment was filed and served on November 6, 2012.

On July 16, 2012, Mr. Margolin served Zandian with Mr. Margolin's First Set of Requests for Admission, First Set of Interrogatories, and First Set of Requests for Production of Documents, but Zandian never responded to these discovery requests. As such, on December 14, 2012, Mr. Margolin filed and served a Motion for Sanctions pursuant to NRCP 37. In this Motion, Mr. Margolin requested this Court strike the General Denial of Zandian, and award Mr. Margolin his fees and costs incurred in bringing the Motion.

On January 15, 2013, this Court issued an order striking the General Denial of Zandian and awarding his fees and costs incurred in bringing the NRCP 37 Motion. A default was entered against Zandian on March 28, 2013, and a notice of entry of default judgment was filed and served on April 5, 2013.

On April 17, 2013, Mr. Margolin filed an Application for Default Judgment, which was served on Zandian and the corporate Defendants. Since Zandian did not respond to the Application for Default Judgment, a Default Judgment was entered on June 24, 2013. Notice of entry of the Default Judgment was served on Zandian on June 26, 2013 and filed on June 27, 2013.

Over five and a half months later, on December 19, 2013, Zandian served his Motion to Set Aside on Plaintiff. Zandian's Motion to Set Aside claims that he never received any written discovery or notice of the pleadings and papers filed in this matter after his counsel

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withdrew as his former counsel provided an erroneous last known address to the Court and the parties when he withdrew, and therefore Zandian requests that the judgment be set aside.

III. FINDINGS AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

A party seeking to set aside a default judgment has the burden to prove mistake, inadvertence, surprise, or excusable neglect by a preponderance of the evidence. *Kahn v. Orme*, 108 Nev. 510, 513–14, 835 P.2d 790, 793 (1992). The Court finds that Zandian has not met the burden to prove mistake, inadvertence, surprise, or excusable neglect by a preponderance of the evidence.

Specifically, Zandian has not met the factors set forth in *Kahn* to compel the court to set aside the judgment. *Id.* at 513, 835 P.2d at 792–93 (holding that the district court must consider whether the party moving to set aside a judgment promptly applied to remove the judgment, lacked intent to delay the proceedings, lacked knowledge of the procedural requirements, and demonstrated good faith, in addition to considering the state's underlying policy of resolving cases on the merits). Zandian failed to promptly apply for relief, has not established a lack of intent to delay these proceedings or a lack of knowledge of the procedural requirements, and did not provide a good-faith reason for the over five-and-a-half-month gap between entry of default and the time he obtained new counsel and filed the Motion to Set Aside Default Judgment.

a. Zandian Did Not Promptly Apply To Remove The Judgment

Even though a motion to set aside a judgment may be filed within the six month deadline provided for in NRCP 60(b), a party can still fail to act promptly. See Kahn 108 Nev. at 514, 835 P.2d at 793. Therefore, "want of diligence in seeking to set aside a judgment is ground enough for denial of such a motion." Id. (citing Union Petrochemical Corp. v. Scott, 96 Nev. 337, 339, 609 P.2d 323, 324 (1980) (citing Lentz v. Boles, 84 Nev. 197, 438 P.2d 254 (1968); Hotel Last Frontier v. Frontier Prop., 79 Nev. 150, 380 P.2d 293 (1963)).

Despite his knowledge of the default judgment, Zandian did not move to have the judgment set aside until nearly six months after its entry. Although Zandian argues he did not receive notice of the various proceedings, notice was mailed to his address. Therefore, the

notice requirement of NRCP 55 was fulfilled as Plaintiff served written notice of the application for default judgment. Moreover, NRCP 55 is likely not implicated since the judgment ultimately resulted from sanctions arising from Zandian's failure to respond to discovery. See Durango Fire Protection, Inc. v. Troncoso, 120 Nev. 658 (2004) (trial court's entry of judgment for plaintiff, in action for breach of contract, after striking defendant's answer was a sanction for defendant's failure to appear at several hearings and calendar calls rather than a default judgment, and thus, civil procedure rule requiring written notice before entry of default judgment was not applicable).

Further, First Judicial District Court Rule 22(3) expressly states that "[a]ny form of order permitting withdrawal of an attorney submitted to the Court for signature shall contain the address at which the party is to be served with notice of all further proceedings." Plaintiff had a right to rely on the address given by Zandian's prior attorney.

No evidence supports Zandian's claims that he lacked knowledge of this matter. Even if Zandian was living in France, for which no competent evidence has been provided to this Court, Zandian was required to provide the Court and the parties with his new address. However, Zandian never informed this Court or the parties of any address change. The record demonstrates that the Plaintiff's discovery requests, motions, application for judgment, orders and notice of judgment were all mailed to Zandian's address of record. Under NRCP 5(b), service by mail is complete upon mailing. Thus, Zandian received notice of the proceedings and his repeated failure to respond constituted inexcusable neglect.

b. Zandian Has Failed To Show He Lacked Intent To Delay

Zandian received all of the papers and pleadings in this matter. However, he failed to respond to Plaintiff's discovery and willfully ignored the proceedings of this matter. In fact, Zandian waited nearly six months to secure new counsel and file the motion to set aside. Furthermore, Zandian failed to file an opposition to the application for judgment.

Accordingly, the Court finds that Zandian has failed to establish the absence of an intent to delay.

c. Whether Zandian Lacked Knowledge Of Procedural Requirements

Zandian unquestionably had notice of the written discovery, motions and orders filed in this matter, and yet he ignored all of these documents. All that was required of Zandian was to either personally respond to the discovery and motions or obtain counsel to appear on his behalf. Zandian knew discovery had been served but deliberately chose to ignore it. Zandian knew a motion for sanctions and an application for judgment had been filed, which led to the judgment, but Zandian chose to ignore those items as well. Zandian's failure to obtain new counsel or otherwise act on his own behalf is inexcusable. *See Kahn* 108 Nev. at 514-15, 835 P.2d at 793-4. As the Nevada Supreme Court stated in *Kahn*;

we are not confronted here with some subtle or technical aspect of procedure, ignorance of which could readily be excused. The requirements of the rule are simple and direct. To condone the actions of a party who has sat on its rights only to make a last-minute rush to set aside judgment would be to turn NRCP 60(b) into a device for delay rather than the means for relief from an oppressive judgment that it was intended to be.

Id. (citing Union, 96 Nev. at 339, 609 P.2d at 324 (citing Franklin v. Bartsas Realty, Inc., 95 Nev. 559, 598 P.2d 1147 (1979); Central Operating Co. v. Utility Workers of America, 491 F.2d 245 (4th Cir.1974)) (emphasis added in original)).

Zandian had sufficient knowledge to act responsibly. He had previously retained counsel to defend this action and retained new counsel to set aside the judgment. Therefore, this Court cannot conclude that Zandian failed to respond to set aside the default judgment because he was ignorant of procedural requirements.

d. Whether Zandian Acted In Good Faith

Zandian has not provided any valid reason for failing to respond to the requested discovery, the motion for sanctions or the application for judgment. Furthermore, he has not provided a reasonable explanation for waiting over five months to obtain other counsel despite having knowledge of the judgment entered against him.

Based upon the fact that Zandian knew about this case and continued to receive the papers and pleadings from this matter, it was inexcusable for Zandian not to respond to the

earlier discovery requests and motions. Zandian has not demonstrated good faith. In fact,

Zandian has only demonstrated inexcusable neglect by his willful failure to respond to, and

participate in, this action. Accordingly, the Court determines that Zandian lacked good faith in

contesting this action.

e. Whether This Case Should Be Tried On The Merits For Policy Reasons

The Nevada Supreme Court has held that "good public policy dictates that cases be adjudicated on their merits." See Kahn 108 Nev. at 516, 835 P.2d at 794 (citing Hotel Last Frontier v. Frontier Prop., 79 Nev. 150, 155–56, 380 P.2d 293, 295 (1963) (original emphasis). However, this policy has its limits:

We wish not to be understood, however, that this judicial tendency to grant relief from a default judgment implies that the trial court should always grant relief from a default judgment. Litigants and their counsel may not properly be allowed to disregard process or procedural rules with impunity. Lack of good faith or diligence, or lack of merit in the proposed defense, may very well warrant a denial of the motion for relief from the judgment.

Id. (citing Lentz v. Boles, 84 Nev. 197, 200, 438 P.2d at 256 (1968)).

Zandian has disregarded the process and procedural rules of this matter with impunity. He has repeatedly ignored this matter and failed to respond to the written discovery and motions in this matter since his former attorney John Peter Lee withdrew from representation. Zandian's lack of good faith or diligence warrants a denial of the motion to set aside.

Zandian's complete failure to respond to the discovery requests and subsequent motions evidences his willful and recalcitrant disregard of the judicial process, which prejudiced Plaintiff. Foster v. Dingwall, 227 P.3d 1042, 1049 (Nev. 2010) (citing Hamlett v. Reynolds, 114 Nev. 863, 865, 963 P.2d 457, 458 (1998) (upholding the district court's strike order where the defaulting party's "constant failure to follow [the court's] orders was unexplained and unwarranted"); In re Phenylpropanolamine (PPA) Products, 460 F.3d 1217, 1236 (9th Cir.2006) (holding that, with respect to discovery abuses, "[p]rejudice from unreasonable delay is presumed" and failure to comply with court orders mandating discovery "is sufficient prejudice")).

In light of Zandian's repeated and continued abuses, the policy of adjudicating cases on the merits would not be furthered in this case, and the ultimate sanctions are necessary to demonstrate to Zandian and future litigants that they are not free to act with wayward disregard of a court's orders. *Foster*, 227 P.3d at 1049. Moreover, Zandian's failure to oppose Plaintiff's motion to strike the General Denial or the application for judgment constitutes an admission that the motion and application were meritorious. *Id.* (citing King v. Cartlidge, 121 Nev. 926, 927, 124 P.3d 1161, 1162 (2005) (stating that an unopposed motion may be considered as an admission of merit and consent to grant the motion) (citing DCR 13(3)).

IV. CONCLUSION

The record provides substantial evidence to support this denial of Zandian's motion to set aside. Further, the policy of resolving cases on the merits does not allow litigants "to disregard process or procedural rules with impunity." *Kahn*, 108 Nev. at 516, 835 P.2d at 794 (quoting *Lentz v. Boles*, 84 Nev. 197, 200, 438 P.2d 254, 256–57 (1968)).

Zandian has failed to show mistake, inadvertence, surprise or excusable neglect pursuant to NRCP 60(b). Zandian had every opportunity to properly defend this action and instead made a voluntary choice not to. Therefore, Zandian's motion to set aside is hereby DENIED.

DATED: This the day of February, 2014. IT IS SO ORDERED:

DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING I hereby certify that on the O day of February, 2014, I placed a copy of the foregoing in the United States Mail, postage prepaid, addressed as follows: Matthew D. Francis Adam P. McMillen Watson Rounds 5371 Kietzke Lane Reno, NV 89511 Geoffrey W. Hawkins Johnathon Fayeghi Hawkins Melendrez, P.C. 9555 Hillwood Drive, Suite 150 Las Vegas, NV 89134 Law Clerk, Department I

REC'D & FILED JASON D. WOODBURY Nevada Bar No. 6870 2014 MAR 12 PM 3: 54 KAEMPFER CROWELL 2 510 West Fourth Street ALAN GLOVER Carson City, Nevada 89703 3 Telephone: (775) 884-8300 Facsimile: (775) 882-0257 4 jwoodbury@kcnvlaw.com Attorneys for Reza Zandian 5 IN THE FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT 6 OF THE STATE OF NEVADA IN AND FOR CARSON CITY 7 8 JED MARGOLIN, an individual, 9 Plaintiff, 10 11 OPTIMA TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION, Case No. 09 OC 00579 1B 12 a California corporation, OPTIMA TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION, a Nevada Dept. No. Ι 13 corporation, REZA ZANDIAN aka GOLAMREZA ZANDIANJAZI aka 14 GHOLAM REZA ZANDIAN aka REZA JAZI aka J. REZA JAZI aka G. REZA JAZI 15 aka GHONOREZA ZANDIAN JAZI, an individual, DOE Companies 1-10, DOE 16 Corporations 11-20, and DOE Individuals 21-30, 17 Defendants. 18 19 CASE APPEAL STATEMENT 20 Pursuant to NRAP 3(f), Defendant REZA ZANDIAN, an individual, hereby 21 provides the following *Case Appeal Statement*: 22 1. Name of appellant filing this case appeal statement (NRAP 23 3(f)(3)(C)): 24 REZA ZANDIAN, an individual. Page 1 of 8

1	2.	Identify the judge issuing the decision, judgment, or order
2		appealed from (NRAP 3(f)(3)(B)):
3		The Honorable James T. Russell, District Judge, First Judicial District
4		Court of the State of Nevada in and for Carson City, Department I.
5	3.	Identify all parties to the proceedings in the district court (the
6		use of et al. to denote parties is prohibited) (NRAP 3(f)(3)(A)):
7		(a) JED MARGOLIN, an individual;
8		(b) OPTIMA TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION, a California corporation;
9		(c) OPTIMA TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION, a Nevada corporation; and
10		(d) REZA ZANDIAN aka GOLAMREZA ZANDIANJAZI aka GHOLAM
11		REZA ZANDIAN aka REZA JAZI aka J. REZA JAZI aka G. REZA JAZI
12		aka GHONOREZA ZANDIAN JAZI, an individual;
13	4.	Identify all parties involved in this appeal (the use of et al. to
14		denote parties is prohibited) (NRAP 3(f)(3)((C), (D)):
15		(a) JED MARGOLIN, an individual; and
16		(b) REZA ZANDIAN, an individual.
17	5.	Set forth the name, law firm, address, and telephone number of
18		all counsel on appeal and identify the party or parties whom
19		they represent (NRAP 3(f)(3)(C), (D)):
20		(a) Matthew D. Francis Adam P. McMillen
21		WATSON ROUNDS 5371 Kietzke Lane
22		Reno, NV 89511 Telephone: (775) 324-4100
23		Counsel for Respondent, JED MARGOLIN

1 2		(b) Jason D. Woodbury KAEMPFER CROWELL 510 West Fourth Street Carson City, Nevada 89703
3		Telephone: (775) 884-8300 Counsel for Appellant, REZA ZANDIAN
4	6.	Indicate whether appellant was represented by appointed or
5		retained counsel in the district court (NRAP 3(f)(3)(F)):
6		Appellant was represented by retained counsel in district court.
7	7.	Indicate whether appellant is represented by appointed or
8		retained counsel on appeal (NRAP 3(f)(3)(F)):
9		Appellant is represented by retained counsel on appeal.
10	8.	Indicate whether appellant was granted leave to proceed in
11		forma pauperis, and the date of entry of the district court order
12		granting such leave (NRAP 3(f)(3)(G)):
13		Appellant was not granted leave to proceed in forma pauperis.
14	9.	Indicate the date of the proceedings commenced in the district
15		court (e.g., date complaint, indictment, information, or petition
16	II	was filed) (NRAP 3(f)(3)(H)):
17		Respondent's Complaint was filed in the District Court on December 11,
18		2009.
19	10.	District court case number and caption showing the names of
20		all parties to the proceedings below, but the use of et al. to
21		denote parties is prohibited (NRAP 3(f)(3)(A)):
22		(a) Case number:
23		First Judicial District Court Case Number: 09 OC 00579 1B
24		Department Number: I

KAEMPFER CROWELL 510 West Fourth Street Carson City, Nevada 89703

1		(b) Caption:
2		JED MARGOLIN, an individual,
3		Plaintiff,
4		vs.
5		OPTIMA TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION, a California corporation, OPTIMA TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION, a Nevada
6		corporation, REZA ZANDIAN aka GOLAMREZA ZANDIANJAZI aka GHOLAM REZA ZANDIAN aka REZA JAZI aka J. REZA JAZI
7		aka G. REZA JAZI aka GHONOREZA ZANDIAN JAZI, an individual, DOE Companies 1-10, DOE Corporations 11-20, and
8		DOE Individuals 21-30,
9		Defendants.
10	11.	Whether any of respondents' attorneys are not licensed to
11		practice law in Nevada, and, if so, whether the district court
12		granted that attorney permission to appear under SCR 42,
13		including a copy of any district court order granting that
14		permission (NRAP 3(f)(3)(E)):
15		Based upon information and belief, all attorneys for respondents are
16		licensed to practice law in Nevada.
17	12.	Brief description of the nature of the action and result in
18		district court, including the type of judgment or order being
19		appealed and the relief granted by the district court (NRAP
20		3(f)(3)(I)):
21		The subject matter of this case concerns various patents and a
22		dispute over their ownership. Plaintiff claims to be the owner of the
23		patents at issue. Plaintiff claims that certain conduct and actions of
24		Optima Technology Corporation, a California corporation, Optima
- '		Technology Corporation, a Nevada corporation, (together these

Page 4 of 8

corporations are referred to hereinafter as the "Corporate Defendants") and Reza Zandian ("Zandian") (collectively the Corporate Defendants and Zandian are referred to as the "Defendants") disrupted his ownership and control over the patents, thereby causing him damages. Specifically, Plaintiff's *Complaint* alleged the following claims against the Defendants: (1) Conversion; (2) Tortious Interference with Contract; (3) Intentional Interference with Prospective Economic Advantage; (4) Unjust Enrichment; and (5) Unfair and Deceptive Trade Practices.

On September 9, 2011, the District Court issued an order authorizing service of Plaintiff's *Amended Complaint*¹ by publication.² Service by publication was accomplished on November 7, 2011. The Defendants answered in March, 2012. On July 16, 2012, Plaintiff served Zandian with several discovery requests. When there was no response to the discovery requests, the District Court granted Plaintiff's request for sanctions and struck Zandian's answer on January 15, 2013.

On March 28, 2013, the District Court entered a Default against Zandian. Later, pursuant to the application of Plaintiff, the District Court entered a Default Judgment against the Defendants in the amount of \$1,495,775.74. Plaintiff filed a *Notice of Entry of Default Judgment* on June 27, 2013.

On December 20, 2013, Zandian filed a Motion to Set Aside Default Judgment with the District Court. Plaintiff filed a response, and Zandian replied. No hearing was held on the Motion to Set Aside. On February 6,

¹ Plaintiff filed his Amended Complaint on August 11, 2011.

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2014, the District Court entered its Order Denying Defendant Reza Zandian aka Golamreza Zandianjazi aka Gholam Reza Zandian aka Reza Jazi aka J. Reza Jazi aka G. Reza Jazi aka Ghonoreza Zandian Jazi's Motion to Set Aside Default Judgment. And on February 10, 2014, Plaintiff served notice by mail that this Order had been entered.

13. Whether the case has previously been the subject of an appeal to or original writ proceeding in the Supreme Court and, if so, the caption and Supreme Court docket number of the prior proceeding (NRAP 3(f)(J)):

Upon information and belief, this case has not previously been the subject of an appeal to or original writ proceeding in the Supreme Court.

14. Whether the appeal involves child custody or visitation (NRAP 3(f)(3)(K)):

The appeal does not involve child custody or visitation.

² There were proceedings which occurred prior to the issuance of the District Court's order allowing service by publication. However, they are not pertinent for purposes of the Case Appeal Statement.

15. In civil cases, whether the appeal involves the possibility of settlement (NRAP 3(f)(3)(L)):

The appeal involves the possibility of settlement.

DATED this 12th day of March, 2014.

KAEMPFER CROWELL

BY:

ASON D. WOODBURY

Nevada Bar No. 6870 KAEMPFER CROWELL

510 West Fourth Street

Carson City, Nevada 89703

Telephone: (775) 884-8300

Facsimile: (775) 882-0257 jwoodbury@kcnvlaw.com

Attorneys for Reza Zandian

KAEMPFER GROWELL 510 West Fourth Stree 510 West Fourth Street 510 West F

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pursuant to NRAP 25(d) and NRCP 5(b), I hereby certify that service of the foregoing <u>CASE APPEAL STATEMENT</u> was made this date by depositing for mailing of the same in Portable Document Format addressed to each of the following:

Matthew D. Francis Adam P. McMillen WATSON ROUNDS 5371 Kietzke Lane Reno, NV 89511

DATED this ____day of March, 2014.

an employee of Kaempfer Crowell

Street 43 89703

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	e: 03/12/2	014 16:44:04.7 Docke	t Sheet	Page: 1	
_		, JUDGE JAMES	Case No. Ticket No. CTN:	09 OC 00579 1B	
MARG	OLIN, JED	***	By:		
	MA TECHNOL	-VS- OGY DRSPND	By:		
Dob:		Sex: Sid:			
Lic: ZANI	IAN, REZA	DRSPND	By:		
Dob:		Sex: Sid:			
Plat Make Year Type Venu Loca	:	Accident:			
MARG	OLIN, JED	PLNTPET	Bond: Type:	Set: Posted:	
	ges:				
Ct.	Offens Arrest Commen	Dt:			
Ct.	Offens Arrest Commen	Dt:			-
Sent	encing:				
No.	Filed	Action	Operator	Fine/Cost	Due
1	03/12/14	APPEAL BOND DEPOSIT Receipt: 33251 Date: 03/12/2014	1BCCOOPER	500.00	0.00
2	03/12/14	NOTICE OF CASH DEPOSIT IN LIEU OF BOND	1BCCOOPER	0.00	0.00
3	03/12/14	CASE APPEAL STATEMENT	1BCCOOPER	0.00	0.00
4	03/12/14	NOTICE OF APPEAL FILED Receipt: 33251 Date: 03/12/2014	1BCCOOPER	24.00	0.00
5	03/03/14	OPPOSITION TO MOTION FOR ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE REGARDING CONTEMPT	1BCGRIBBLE	0.00	0.00
6	02/21/14	SUBSTITUTION OF COUNSEL	1BCCOOPER	0.00	0.00
7	02/12/14	MOTION FOR ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE REGARDING CONTEMPT	1BCCOOPER	0.00	0.00
8	02/10/14	NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER	1BVANESSA	0.00	0.00
9	02/06/14	FILE RETURNED AFTER SUBMISSION - ORDER ENTERED	1BJHIGGINS	0.00	0.00
10	02/06/14	ORDER DENYING DEFENDANT REZA ZANDIAN AKA GOLAMREZA ZANDIANJAZI AKA GHOLAM REZA ZANDIAN AKA REZA JAZI AKA J. REZA JAZI AKA G. REZA JAZI AKA GHONONREZA ZANDIAN JAZI'S MOTION TO SET ASIDE DEFAULT JUDGMENT	1BJHIGGINS	0.00	0.00
11	02/03/14	DEFENDANT REZA ZANDIAN'S REPLY IN SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR STAY OF PROCEEDINGS TO ENFORCE JUDGMENT PURSUANT TO NRCP 62(B)	1BVANESSA	0.00	0.00
12	01/23/14	REQUEST FOR SUBMISSION AND HEARING ON DEFENDANT REZA ZANDIAN'S MOTION TO SET ASIDE DEFAULT JUDGMENT	1BCGRIBBLE		0.00
13	01/23/14	DEFENDANT ZANDIAN'S REPLY IN SUPPORT OF MOTION TO SET ASIDE DEFAULT JUDGMENT	1BCGRIBBLE		0.00

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MIJR5925

No. Filed Fine/Cost Action Operator Due NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER GRANTING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR DEBTOR EXAMINATION AND TO 14 01/17/14 1BCGRIBBLE 0.00 0.00 PRODUCE DOCUMENTS OPPOSITION TO MOTION FOR STAY 15 01/17/14 0.00 0.00 1BCGRIBBLE OF PROCEEDINGS TO ENFORCE JUDGMENT PURSUANT TO NRCP 62 (B) 16 01/13/14 FILE RETURNED AFTER 1BCCOOPER 0.00 0.00 SUBMISSION - ORDER ENTERED ORDER GRANTING PLAINTIFFS 0.00 01/13/14 1BCCOOPER 0.00 MOTION FOR DEBTOR EXAMINATION AND TO PRODUCE DOCUMENTS 01/09/14 REQUEST FOR SUBMISSION 1BVANESSA 0.00 0.00 19 01/09/14 OPPOSITION TO MOTION TO SET 1BVANESSA 0.00 0.00 ASIDE DEFAULT JUDGMENT 01/02/14 20 DEFENDANT REZA ZANDIAN AKA 1BCGRIBBLE 0.00 0.00 GOLAMREZA ZANDIANJAZI AKA GHOLAM REZA ZANDIAN AKA REZA JAZI AKA J. REZA JAZI AKA G. REZA JAZI AKA GHONONREZA ZANDIAN JAZI'S MOTION FOR STAY OF PROCEEDINGS TO ENFORCE JUDGMENT PURSUANT TO NRCP 62(B) 12/20/13 DEFENDANT REZA ZANDIAN AKA 0.00 0.00 1BCCOOPER GOLAMREZA ZANDIANJAZI AKA GHOLAM REZA ZANDIAN AKA REDA JAZI AKA J. REZA JAZI AKA G. REZA JAZI AKA GHONONREZA ZANDIAN JAZIS MOTION TO SET ASIDE DEFAULT JUDGMENT NOTICE OF APPEARANCE 12/20/13 1BCCOOPER 0.00 0.00 23 12/11/13 MOTION FOR JUDGMENT DEBTOR 1BCCOOPER 0.00 0.00 EXAMINATION AND TO PRODUCE DOCUMENTS 06/27/13 NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER 1BVANESSA 0.00 0.00 24 DEFAULT JUDGMENT 06/26/13 1BCCOOPER 0.00 25 JUDGMENT 0.00 Judgment Amount: 1,495,775.74 Judgment Total: 1,495,775.74 Terms: JUDGMENT ENTERED @ 4:12 PM Judgment Type: DEFAULT JUDGMENT Judgment Date: 06/24/2013 Judgment For: MARGOLIN, JED -PLNTF/PETNR Judgment Against: OPTIMA TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION -DEFENDANT/RESPONDENT ZANDTAN. REZA - DEFENDANT/RESPONDENT Judgment Balance: 1,495,775.74 2,903,922.66 Case Balance: 2,903,922.66 26 06/24/13 FILE RETURNED AFTER 1BCCOOPER 0.00 0.00 SUBMISSION - ORDER ENTERED 06/24/13 DEFAULT JUDGMENT 1BCCOOPER 0.00 0.00 06/21/13 REQUEST FOR SUBMISSION 1BVANESSA 0.00 0.00 28

Docket Sheet

Date: 03/12/2014 16:44:04.8 MIJR5925

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MIJ	R5925				
No.	Filed	Action	Operator	Fine/Cost	Due
29	04/17/13	DECLARATION OF JED MARGOLIN IN SUPPORT OF APPLICATION FOR DEFAULT JUDGMENT	1BCGRIBBLE	0.00	0.00
30	04/17/13	DECLARATION OF ADAM P. MCMILLEN IN SUPPORT OF APPLICATION FOR DEFAULT JUDGMENT	1BCGRIBBLE	0.00	0.00
31	04/17/13	APPLICATION FOR DEFAULT JUDGMENT; MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT THEREOF	1BCGRIBBLE	0.00	0.00
32	04/05/13	AMENDED NOTICE OF ENTRY OF DEFAULT	1BCFRANZ	0.00	0.00
33	04/03/13	NOTICE OF ENTRY OF DEFAULT	1BCCOOPER	0.00	0.00
34	04/03/13	NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER	1BCCOOPER	0.00	0.00
35	03/29/13	FILE RETURNED AFTER SUBMISSION - ORDER ENTERED	1BCCOOPER	0.00	0.00
36	03/29/13	ORDER GRANTING PLAINTIFF'S APPLICATION FOR ATTORNEY'S FEES AND COSTS	1BCCOOPER	0.00	0.00
37	03/28/13	REQUEST FOR SUBMISSION	1BCGRIBBLE	0.00	0.00
38	03/28/13	DEFAULT	1BCGRIBBLE	0.00	0.00
39	03/04/13	DECLARATION OF MAILING	1BCCOOPER	0.00	0.00
40	02/20/13	PLAINTIFF'S APPLICATION FOR ATTORNEY'S FEES AND COSTS	1BCGRIBBLE	0.00	0.00
41	02/20/13	DECLARATION OF ADAM P. MCMILLEN IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFF'S APPLICATION FOR ATTORNEY'S FEES AND COSTS	1BCGRIBBLE	0.00	0.00
42	01/17/13	NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER	1BCGRIBBLE	0.00	0.00
43	01/15/13	FILE RETURNED AFTER SUBMISSION - ORDER ENTERED	1BJHIGGINS	0.00	0.00
44	01/15/13	ORDER GRANTING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR SANCTIONS UNDER NRCP 37	1BJHIGGINS	0.00	0.00
45	01/11/13	REQUEST FOR SUBMISSION	1BVANESSA	0.00	0.00
46	12/14/12	DECLARATION OF ADAM P. MCMILLEN IN SUPPORT OF PALINTIFF'S MOTION FOR SANCTIONS UNDER NRCP 37	1BVANESSA	0.00	0.00
47	12/14/12	PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR SANCTIONS UNDER NRCP 37	1BVANESSA	0.00	0.00
48	11/14/12	AFFIDAVIT OF SERVICE	1BCCOOPER	0.00	0.00
19	11/06/12	NOTICE OF ENTRY OF JUDEMENT	1BVANESSAG	0.00	0.00
50	10/31/12	JUDGMENT	1BJHIGGINS	0.00	0.00

Judgment Amount: 1,286,552.46 Judgment Total: 1,286,552.46

Terms: JUDGMENT ENTERED AT 1:42 P.M.

Judgment Type: DEFAULT JUDGMENT FOR THE PLAINTIFF Judgment Date: 10/31/2012

Judgment For: MARGOLIN, JED - PLNTF/PETNR

Judgment Against: OPTIMA TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION -DEFENDANT/RESPONDENT

Judgment Balance: 1,286,552.46 Case Total:

1,408,146.92 Case Balance: 1,408,146.92

No.	Filed	Action	Operator	Fine/Cost	Due
51	10/31/12	FILE RETURNED AFTER SUBMISSION - ORDER ENTERED	1BJHIGGINS	0.00	0.00
52	10/31/12	DEFAULT JUDGMENT	1BJHIGGINS	0.00	0.00
53	10/30/12	DECLARATION OF ADAM P. MCMILLEN IN SUPPORT OF APPLICATION FOR DEFAULT JUDGMENT	1BJHIGGINS	0.00	0.00
54	10/30/12	DECLARATION OF JED MARGOLIN IN SUPPORT OF APPLICATION FOR DEFAULT JUDGMENT	1BJHIGGINS	0.00	0.00
55	10/30/12	APPLICATION FOR DEFAULT JUDGMENT; MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT THEREOF	1BJHIGGINS	0.00	0.00
56	10/30/12	AFFIDAVIT OF SERVICE	1BJHIGGINS	0.00	0.00
57	09/27/12	NOTICE OF ENTRY OF DEFAULT	1BVANESSAG	0.00	0.00
58	09/24/12	DEFAULT	1BVANESSAG	0.00	0.00
59	09/14/12	APPLICATION FOR ENTRY OF DEFAULT	1BVANESSAG	0.00	0.00
60	07/02/12	NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER	1BCCOOPER	0.00	0.00
61	06/28/12	FILE RETURNED AFTER SUBMISSION - ORDER ENTERED	1BJULIEH	0.00	0.00
62	06/28/12	ORDER GRANTING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO COMPEL APPEARANCE OF COUNSEL FOR OPTIMA TECHNOLOGY CORPORATIONS, OR N THE ALTERNATIVE, MOTION TO STRIKE GENERAL DENIAL OF OPTIMA TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION	1BJULIEH	0.00	0.00
63	06/14/12	UNILATERAL CASE CONFERENCE REPORT	1BVANESSAG	0.00	0.00
64	06/06/12	REQUEST FOR SUBMISSION	1BCGRIBBLE	0.00	0.00
65	05/29/12	DECISION OF ARBITRATION COMMISSIONER REMOVING MATTER FROM MANDATORY ARBITRATION	1BCGRIBBLE	0.00	0.00
66	05/15/12	PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO COMPEL APPEARANCE OF COUNSEL FOR OPTIMA TECHNOLOGY CORPORATIONS, OR IN THE ALTERNATIVE, MOTION TO STRIKE GENERAL DENIAL OF OPTIMA TECHNOLOGY CORPORATIONS (COPY) (SEE MINUTE ORDER FILED 06/19/2012)	1BVANESSAG	0.00	0.00
67	05/10/12	DECLARATION OF JED MARGOLIN IN SUPPORT OF REQUEST TO EXEMPT CASE FROM COURT ANNEXED ARBITRATION PROGRAM	1BCGRIBBLE	0.00	0.00
68	05/10/12	SECOND SUPPLEMENTAL REQUEST FOR EXEMPTION FROM ARBITRATION	1BCGRIBBLE	0.00	0.00

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No.	Filed	Action	Operator	Fine/Cost	Due
69	05/09/12	NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER GRANTING JOHN PETER LEE, LTD.'S AMENDED MOTION TO WITHDRAW FROM REPRESENTATION OF DEFENDANTS OPTIMA TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION OPTIMA TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION, REZA ZANDIAN AKA GOLAMREA ZANDIANJAZI AKA GHOLAM REZA ZANDIAN AKA REZA JAZI AKA J. REZA JAZI AKA G. REA JAZI AKA GHONONREZA ZANDIAN JAZI	1BCCOOPER	0.00	0.00
70	04/26/12	FILE RETURNED AFTER SUBMISSION - ORDER ENTERED	1BVANESSAG	0.00	0.00
71	04/26/12	ORDER GRANTING JOHN PETER LEE, LTD.'S AMENDED MOTION TO WITHDRAW FROM REPRESENTATION OF DEFENDANTS OPTIMA TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION, A CALIFORNIA CORPORATION; OPTIMA TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION, A NEVADA CORPORATION, AND REZA ZANDIAN AKA GOLAMREZA ZANDIANJAZI AKA GHOLAM REZA ZANDIAN AKA REZA JAZI AKA J. REZA JAZI AKA G. REZA JAZI AKA GHONONREZA ZANDIAN JAZI	1BVANESSAG	0.00	0.00
72	04/23/12	REQUEST FOR SUBMISSION	1BCGRIBBLE	0.00	0.00
73	04/20/12	SUPPLEMENTAL REQUEST FOR EXEMPTION FROM ARBITATION	1BCGRIBBLE	0.00	0.00
74	03/30/12	DECLARATION OF ADAM P. MCMILLEN IN SUPPORT OF THE NOTICE ON NON-OIPPOSITION TO JOHN PETER LEE, LTD.'S AMENDED MOTION TO WITHDRAW FROM REPRESENTATION	1BCCOOPER	0.00	0.00
75	03/30/12	NOTICE OF NON-OPPOSITION TO JOHN PETER LEE, LTD'S AMENDED MOTION TO WITHDRAW FROM REPRESENTATION	1BCCOOPER	0.00	0.00
76	03/16/12	DECLARATION OF ADAM P. MCMILLEN IN SUPPORT OF THE NOTICE OF NON-OPPOSITION TO JOHN PETER LEE, LTD.'S MOTION TO WITHDRAW FROM REPRESENTATION	1BCCOOPER	0.00	0.00
77	03/16/12	NOTICE OF NON-OPPOSITION TO JOHN PETER LEE, LTD'S MOTION TO WITHDRAW FROM REPRESENTATION	1BCCOOPER	0.00	0.00
78	03/14/12	GENERAL DENIAL Receipt: 21864 Date: 03/16/2012	1BCCOOPER	218.00	0.00
79	03/14/12	JOHN PETER LEE, LTD.'S AMENDED MOTION TO WITHDRAW FROM REPRESENTATION OF DEFENDANTS OPTIMA TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION, A CALIFORNIA CORPORATION; OPTIMA TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION, AND REZA ZANDIAN AKA GOLAMREZA ZANDIAN AKA GOLAMREZA ZANDIAN AKA REZA JAZI AKA J. REZA JAZI AKA G. REZA JAZI AKA CHONONREZA ZANDIAN JAZI	1BJHIGGINS	0.00	0.00
80	03/09/12	REQUEST FOR EXEMPTION FROM	1BVANESSAG	0.00	0.00
81	03/09/12	ARBITRATION NOTICE OF INTENT TO TAKE	1BVANESSAG	0.00	0.00
		DEFAULT			

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No. Filed Action Operator Fine/Cost Due 03/07/12 JOHN PETER LEE, LTD.'S MOTION 1BCCOOPER 0.00 0.00 TO WITHDRAW FROM REPRESENTATION OF DEFENDANT REZA ZANDIAN AKA GOLAMREZA ZANDIANJAZI AKA GHOLM REZA ZANDIAN AKA REZA JAZI AKA J. REZA JAZI G. REZA JAZI AKA GHONONREZA ZANDIAN JAZI GENERAL DENIAL Receipt: 21739 Date: 03/09/2012 *STRICKEN PER ORDER GRANTING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR SANCTIONS UNDER NRCP 37 FILED 03/06/12 83 1BCCOOPER 218.00 0.00 JAN. 15, 2013* 84 02/24/12 NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER 1BJHIGGINS 0.00 0.00 ORDER DENYING MOTION TO STRIKE 1BJHIGGINS 8.5 02/23/12 0.00 0.00 86 02/21/12 ORDER DENYING DEFENDANT'S 1BJHIGGINS 0.00 0.00 MOTION TO DISMISS 87 02/13/12 REQUEST FOR SUBMISSION (2) 1BCCOOPER 0.00 0.00 DECLARATION OF ADAM P. 02/13/12 1BCCOOPER 0.00 0.00 MCMILLEN 89 02/13/12 REPLY IN SUPPORT OF MOTION TO 1BCCOOPER 0.00 0.00 02/02/12 90 OPPOSITION TO MOTION TO STRIKE 1BJHIGGINS 0.00 0.00 91 01/23/12 DECLARATION OF JED MARGOLIN 1BVANESSAG 0.00 0.00 IN SUPPORT OF MOTION TO STRIKE 92 01/23/12 MOTION TO STRIKE 1BVANESSAG 0.00 0.00 93 12/13/11 REPLY TO OPPOSITION TO MOTION 1BJHIGGINS 0.00 0.00 TO DISMISS 12/05/11 OPPOSITION TO MOTION TO 1BKDUNCKHO 0.00 0.00 DISMISS 95 11/17/11 MOTION TO DISMISS AMENDED 0.00 1BKDUNCKHO 0.00 COMPLAINT ON SPECIAL APPEARANCE 11/08/11 AMENDED CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE 1BVANESSAG 0.00 0.00 11/07/11 SUMMONS ON AMENDED COMPLAINT& 97 1BKDUNCKHO 0.00 0.00 (2) ADD'L SUMMONS ON AMENDED COMPLAINT 11/07/11 CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE 0.00 0.00 1BKDUNCKHO 10/05/11 99 NOTICE OF ENTRY OF AMENDED 1BVANESSAG 0.00 0.00 100 09/27/11 FILE RETURNED AFTER 1 BJHTGGINS 0.00 0.00 SUBMISSION - ORDER ENTERED AMENDED ORDER ALLOWING SERVICE BY PUBLICATION 101 09/27/11 1BJHIGGINS 0.00 0.00 102 09/23/11 REQUEST FOR SUBMISSION 1BCCOOPER 0.00 0.00 103 09/13/11 NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER 1BKDUNCKHO 0.00 0.00 104 09/09/11 FILE RETURNED AFTER 1BJHIGGINS 0.00 0.00 SUBMISSION - ORDER ENTERED ORDER ALLOWING SERVICE BY 09/09/11 105 1BJHIGGINS 0.00 0.00 PUBLICATION REQUEST FOR SUBMISSION 106 09/07/11 1BKDUNCKHO 0.00 0.00 107 08/11/11 ISSUING SUMMONS ON AMENDED 1BKDUNCKHO 0.00 0.00 COMPLAINT & 2 ADDITIONAL

MIJ	R5925				
No.	Filed	Action	Operator	Fine/Cost	Due
108	08/11/11	AMENDED COMPLAINT	1BKDUNCKHO	0.00	0.00
109	08/11/11	MOTION TO SERVE BY PUBLICATION	1BKDUNCKHO	0.00	0.00
110	08/03/11	FILE RETURNED AFTER SUBMISSION - ORDER ENTERED	1BJULIEH	0.00	0.00
111	08/03/11	ORDER SETTING ASIDE DEFAULT, DYNYING MOTION TO DISMISS AND GRANTING EXTENSION OF TIME FOR SERVICE	1BJULIEH	0.00	0.00
112	07/13/11	REQUEST FOR SUBMISSION	1BCCOOPER	0.00	0.00
113	07/05/11	REPLY TO OPPOSITION TO MOTION TO DISMISS ON A SPECIAL APPEARANCE	1BCCOOPER	0.00	0.00
114	06/22/11	OPPOSITION TO MOTION TO DISMISS AND COUNTER MOTIONS TO STRIKE AND FOR LEAVE TO AMEND THE COMPLAINT	1BMKALE	0.00	0.00
115	06/13/11	NOTICE OF CHANGE OF COUNSEL	1BJHIGGINS	0.00	0.00
116	06/09/11	MOTION TO DISMISS ON A SPECIAL APPEARANCE	1BMKALE	0.00	0.00
117	03/07/11	NOTICE OF ENTRY OF DEFAULT JUDGMENT	1BCCOOPER	0.00	0.00
118	03/01/11	DEFAULT JUDGMENT	1BCCOOPER	0.00	0.00
119	03/01/11	JUDGMENT	1BCCOOPER	0.00	0.00
		Judgment Amount: 121,594.46 Judgment Total: 121,594.46			
		Terms: JUDGMENT ENERED @ 3:24 PM.			
		Judgment Type: DEFAULT JUDGMENT Judgment Date: 03/01/2011			
		Judgment For: MARGOLIN, JED - PLNTF/PETNR			
		Judgment Against: OPTIMA TECHNOLOGY - DEFENDANT/RESPONDENT			
		ZANDIAN, REZA - DEFENDANT/RESPONDENT			
		Judgment Balance: 121,594.46 Case Total:			
		121,594.46 Case Balance: 121,594.46			
120	03/01/11	FILE RETURNED AFTER SUBMISSION - ORDER ENTERED	1BCCOOPER	0.00	0.00
121	03/01/11	DEFAULT JUDGMENT	1BCCOOPER	0.00	0.00
122	02/28/11	APPLICATION FOR DEFAULT JUDGMENT; MEMORANDUM OF	1BMKALE	0.00	0.00
		POINTS AND AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT THEREOF			
123	02/28/11	DECLARATION OF JED MARGOLIN IN SUPPORT OF APPLICATINO FOR DEFAULT JUDGMENT	1BMKALE	0.00	0.00
124	02/28/11	DECLARATION FO CASSANDRA P. JOSEPH IN SUPPORT OF APPLICATION FOR DEFAULT JUDGMENT	1BMKALE	0.00	0.00
		ODGMENI			

Date: 03/12/2014 16:44:04.8 MIJR5925

Docket Sheet

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No.	Filed	Action	Operator	Fine/Cost	Due
125	02/25/11	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE	1BMKALE	0.00	0.00
126	12/07/10	NOTICE OF ENTRY OF DEFAULT (3)	1BCFRANZ	0.00	0.00
L27	12/02/10	DEFAULT	1BCCOOPER	0.00	0.00
L28	12/02/10	APPLICATION FOR ENTRY OF DEFAULT	1BCCOOPER	0.00	0.00
129	12/02/10	APPLICATION FOR ENTRY OF DEFAULT	1BCCOOPER	0.00	0.00
130	12/02/10	DEFAULT	1BCCOOPER	0.00	0.00
131	12/02/10	APPLICATION FOR ENTRY OF DEFAULT	1BCCOOPER	0.00	0.00
132	03/26/10	SUMMONS AND ADD'S SUMMONS	1BCFRANZ	0.00	0.00
133	03/09/10	SUMMONS	1BCFRANZ	0.00	0.00
134	03/09/10	ISSUING SUMMONS & ADD'L SUMMONS	1BMKALE	0.00	0.00
135	12/15/09	ISSUING SUMMONS & 2 ADD'L	1BCCOOPER	0.00	0.00
136	12/14/09	COMPLAINT Receipt: 10054 Date: 12/14/2009 Receipt 10054 reversed by 10067 on 12/14/2009. Receipt: 10068 Date: 12/14/2009	1BMKALE	265.00	0.00
			Total:	1,225.00	0.00
9		Totals By: COST HOLDING INFORM *** End of Report	TION	725.00 500.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00

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Case No.: 09 OC 00579 1B

Dept. No.: 1

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2014 FEB -6 AM 8: 51

ALAN GLOVER
BY DEPUTY

In The First Judicial District Court of the State of Nevada In and for Carson City

JED MARGOLIN, an individual,

Plaintiff,

vs.

OPTIMA TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION, a California corporation, OPTIMA TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION, a Nevada corporation, REZA ZANDIAN aka GOLAMREZA ZANDIANJAZI aka GHOLAM REZA ZANDIAN aka REZA JAZI aka J. REZA JAZI aka G. REZA JAZI aka GHONONREZA ZANDIAN JAZI, an individual, DOE Companies 1-10, DOE Corporations 11-20, and DOE Individuals 21-30,

ORDER DENYING DEFENDANT
REZA ZANDIAN AKA GOLAMREZA
ZANDIANJAZI AKA GHOLAM REZA
ZANDIAN AKA REZA JAZI AKA J.
REZA JAZI AKA G. REZA JAZI AKA
GHONONREZA ZANDIAN JAZI'S
MOTION TO SET ASIDE DEFAULT
JUDGMENT

Defendants.

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This matter comes before the Court on REZA ZANDIAN aka GOLAMREZA

ZANDIANJAZI aka GHOLAM REZA ZANDIAN aka REZA JAZI aka J. REZA JAZI aka G.

REZA JAZI aka GHONONREZA ZANDIAN JAZI's ("Zandian") Motion to Set Aside

Default Judgment, dated December 19, 2013. Plaintiff Jed Margolin filed an Opposition to Set

Aside Default Judgment on January 19, 2014. Zandian served a reply in support of the Motion

to Set Aside on January 23, 2014. Based upon the following facts and conclusions of law,

Zandian's Motion to Set Aside is DENIED.

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I. FACTUAL BACKGROUND

Plaintiff Jed Margolin is the named inventor on United States Patent No. 5,566,073 ("the '073 Patent"), United States Patent No. 5,904,724 ("the '724 Patent"), United States Patent No. 5,978,488 ("the '488 Patent") and United States Patent No. 6,377,436 ("the '436 Patent") (collectively "the Patents"). *See* Amended Complaint, filed 8/11/11, ¶¶ 9-10. In 2004, Mr. Margolin granted to Robert Adams, then CEO of Optima Technology, Inc. (later renamed Optima Technology Group (hereinafter "OTG"), a Cayman Islands Corporation specializing in aerospace technology) a Power of Attorney regarding the Patents. *Id.* at ¶ 11. Subsequently, Mr. Margolin assigned the '073 and '724 Patents to OTG and revoked the Power of Attorney. *Id.* at ¶ 13.

In May 2006, OTG and Mr. Margolin licensed the '073 and '724 Patents to Geneva Aerospace, Inc., and Mr. Margolin received a royalty payment pursuant to a royalty agreement between Mr. Margolin and OTG. *Id.* at ¶ 12. On or about October 2007, OTG licensed the '073 Patent to Honeywell International, Inc., and Mr. Margolin received a royalty payment pursuant to a royalty agreement between Mr. Margolin and OTG. *Id.* at ¶ 14.

On or about December 5, 2007, Zandian filed with the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office ("USPTO") assignment documents allegedly assigning all four of the Patents to Optima Technology Corporation ("OTC"), a company apparently owned by Zandian at the time. *Id.* at ¶ 15. Shortly thereafter, on November 9, 2007, Mr. Margolin, Robert Adams, and OTG were named as defendants in the case titled *Universal Avionics Systems Corporation v. Optima Technology Group, Inc.*, No. CV 07-588-TUC-RCC (the "Arizona action"). *Id.* at ¶ 17. Zandian was not a party in the Arizona action. Nevertheless, the plaintiff in the Arizona action asserted that Mr. Margolin and OTG were not the owners of the '073 and '724 Patents, and OTG filed a cross-claim for declaratory relief against Optima Technology Corporation ("OTC") in order to obtain legal title to the respective patents. *Id.*

On August 18, 2008, the United States District Court for the District of Arizona entered a default judgment against OTC and found that OTC had no interest in the '073 or '724 Patents, and that the assignment documents filed with the USPTO were "forged, invalid,

void, of no force and effect." *Id.* at ¶ 18; *see also* Exhibit B to Zandian's Motion to Dismiss, dated 11/16/11, on file herein.

Due to Zandian's acts, title to the Patents was clouded and interfered with Plaintiff's and OTG's ability to license the Patents. *Id.* at ¶ 19. In addition, during the period of time Mr. Margolin worked to correct record title of the Patents in the Arizona action and with the USPTO, he incurred significant litigation and other costs associated with those efforts. *Id.* at ¶ 20.

II. PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND

Plaintiff filed his Complaint on December 11, 2009, and the Complaint was personally served on Zandian on February 2, 2010, and on Defendants Optima Technology Corporation, a Nevada corporation, and Optima Technology Corporation, a California corporation on March 21, 2010. Zandian's answer to Plaintiff's Complaint was due on February 22, 2010, but Zandian did not answer the Complaint or respond in any way. Default was entered against Zandian on December 2, 2010, and Plaintiff filed and served a Notice of Entry of Default on Zandian on December 7, 2010 and on his last known attorney on December 16, 2010.

The answers of Defendants Optima Technology Corporation, a Nevada corporation, and Optima Technology Corporation, a California corporation, were due on March 8, 2010, but Defendants did not answer the Complaint or respond in any way. Default was entered against Defendants Optima Technology Corporation, a Nevada corporation, and Optima Technology Corporation, a California corporation on December 2, 2010. Plaintiff filed and served a Notice of Entry of Default on the corporate entities on December 7, 2010 and on their last known attorney on December 16, 2010.

The defaults were set aside and Zandian's motion to dismiss was denied on August 3, 2011. On September 27, 2011, this Court ordered that service of process against all Defendants may be made by publication. As manifested by the affidavits of service, filed herein on November 7, 2011, all Defendants were duly served by publication by November 2011.

On February 21, 2012, the Court denied Zandian's motion to dismiss the Amended Complaint. On March 5, 2012, Zandian served a General Denial to the Amended Complaint. On March 13, 2012, the corporate Defendants served a General Denial to the Amended Complaint.

On June 28, 2012, this Court issued an order requiring the corporate Defendants to retain counsel and that counsel enter an appearance on behalf of the corporate Defendants by July 15, 2012. The June 28, 2012 order further provided that if no such appearance was entered, the corporate Defendants' General Denial would be stricken. Since no appearance was their behalf of the corporate Defendants, a default was entered against them on September 24, 2012. A notice of entry of default judgment was filed and served on November 6, 2012.

On July 16, 2012, Mr. Margolin served Zandian with Mr. Margolin's First Set of Requests for Admission, First Set of Interrogatories, and First Set of Requests for Production of Documents, but Zandian never responded to these discovery requests. As such, on December 14, 2012, Mr. Margolin filed and served a Motion for Sanctions pursuant to NRCP 37. In this Motion, Mr. Margolin requested this Court strike the General Denial of Zandian, and award Mr. Margolin his fees and costs incurred in bringing the Motion.

On January 15, 2013, this Court issued an order striking the General Denial of Zandian and awarding his fees and costs incurred in bringing the NRCP 37 Motion. A default was entered against Zandian on March 28, 2013, and a notice of entry of default judgment was filed and served on April 5, 2013.

On April 17, 2013, Mr. Margolin filed an Application for Default Judgment, which was served on Zandian and the corporate Defendants. Since Zandian did not respond to the Application for Default Judgment, a Default Judgment was entered on June 24, 2013. Notice of entry of the Default Judgment was served on Zandian on June 26, 2013 and filed on June 27, 2013.

Over five and a half months later, on December 19, 2013, Zandian served his Motion to Set Aside on Plaintiff. Zandian's Motion to Set Aside claims that he never received any written discovery or notice of the pleadings and papers filed in this matter after his counsel

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withdrew as his former counsel provided an erroneous last known address to the Court and the parties when he withdrew, and therefore Zandian requests that the judgment be set aside.

III. FINDINGS AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

A party seeking to set aside a default judgment has the burden to prove mistake, inadvertence, surprise, or excusable neglect by a preponderance of the evidence. *Kahn v. Orme,* 108 Nev. 510, 513–14, 835 P.2d 790, 793 (1992). The Court finds that Zandian has not met the burden to prove mistake, inadvertence, surprise, or excusable neglect by a preponderance of the evidence.

Specifically, Zandian has not met the factors set forth in *Kahn* to compel the court to set aside the judgment. *Id.* at 513, 835 P.2d at 792–93 (holding that the district court must consider whether the party moving to set aside a judgment promptly applied to remove the judgment, lacked intent to delay the proceedings, lacked knowledge of the procedural requirements, and demonstrated good faith, in addition to considering the state's underlying policy of resolving cases on the merits). Zandian failed to promptly apply for relief, has not established a lack of intent to delay these proceedings or a lack of knowledge of the procedural requirements, and did not provide a good-faith reason for the over five-and-a-half-month gap between entry of default and the time he obtained new counsel and filed the Motion to Set Aside Default Judgment.

a. Zandian Did Not Promptly Apply To Remove The Judgment

Even though a motion to set aside a judgment may be filed within the six month deadline provided for in NRCP 60(b), a party can still fail to act promptly. *See Kahn* 108 Nev. at 514, 835 P.2d at 793. Therefore, "want of diligence in seeking to set aside a judgment is ground enough for denial of such a motion." *Id.* (citing *Union Petrochemical Corp. v. Scott,* 96 Nev. 337, 339, 609 P.2d 323, 324 (1980) (citing *Lentz v. Boles,* 84 Nev. 197, 438 P.2d 254 (1968); *Hotel Last Frontier v. Frontier Prop.,* 79 Nev. 150, 380 P.2d 293 (1963)).

Despite his knowledge of the default judgment, Zandian did not move to have the judgment set aside until nearly six months after its entry. Although Zandian argues he did not receive notice of the various proceedings, notice was mailed to his address. Therefore, the

notice requirement of NRCP 55 was fulfilled as Plaintiff served written notice of the application for default judgment. Moreover, NRCP 55 is likely not implicated since the judgment ultimately resulted from sanctions arising from Zandian's failure to respond to discovery. See Durango Fire Protection, Inc. v. Troncoso, 120 Nev. 658 (2004) (trial court's entry of judgment for plaintiff, in action for breach of contract, after striking defendant's answer was a sanction for defendant's failure to appear at several hearings and calendar calls rather than a default judgment, and thus, civil procedure rule requiring written notice before entry of default judgment was not applicable).

Further, First Judicial District Court Rule 22(3) expressly states that "[a]ny form of order permitting withdrawal of an attorney submitted to the Court for signature shall contain the address at which the party is to be served with notice of all further proceedings." Plaintiff had a right to rely on the address given by Zandian's prior attorney.

No evidence supports Zandian's claims that he lacked knowledge of this matter. Even if Zandian was living in France, for which no competent evidence has been provided to this Court, Zandian was required to provide the Court and the parties with his new address. However, Zandian never informed this Court or the parties of any address change. The record demonstrates that the Plaintiff's discovery requests, motions, application for judgment, orders and notice of judgment were all mailed to Zandian's address of record. Under NRCP 5(b), service by mail is complete upon mailing. Thus, Zandian received notice of the proceedings and his repeated failure to respond constituted inexcusable neglect.

b. Zandian Has Failed To Show He Lacked Intent To Delay

Zandian received all of the papers and pleadings in this matter. However, he failed to respond to Plaintiff's discovery and willfully ignored the proceedings of this matter. In fact, Zandian waited nearly six months to secure new counsel and file the motion to set aside. Furthermore, Zandian failed to file an opposition to the application for judgment.

Accordingly, the Court finds that Zandian has failed to establish the absence of an intent to delay.

c. Whether Zandian Lacked Knowledge Of Procedural Requirements

Zandian unquestionably had notice of the written discovery, motions and orders filed in this matter, and yet he ignored all of these documents. All that was required of Zandian was to either personally respond to the discovery and motions or obtain counsel to appear on his behalf. Zandian knew discovery had been served but deliberately chose to ignore it. Zandian knew a motion for sanctions and an application for judgment had been filed, which led to the judgment, but Zandian chose to ignore those items as well. Zandian's failure to obtain new counsel or otherwise act on his own behalf is inexcusable. *See Kahn* 108 Nev. at 514-15, 835 P.2d at 793-4. As the Nevada Supreme Court stated in *Kahn*:

we are not confronted here with some subtle or technical aspect of procedure, ignorance of which could readily be excused. The requirements of the rule are simple and direct. To condone the actions of a party who has sat on its rights only to make a last-minute rush to set aside judgment would be to turn NRCP 60(b) into a device for delay rather than the means for relief from an oppressive judgment that it was intended to be.

Id. (citing Union, 96 Nev. at 339, 609 P.2d at 324 (citing Franklin v. Bartsas Realty, Inc., 95 Nev. 559, 598 P.2d 1147 (1979); Central Operating Co. v. Utility Workers of America, 491 F.2d 245 (4th Cir.1974)) (emphasis added in original)).

Zandian had sufficient knowledge to act responsibly. He had previously retained counsel to defend this action and retained new counsel to set aside the judgment. Therefore, this Court cannot conclude that Zandian failed to respond to set aside the default judgment because he was ignorant of procedural requirements.

d. Whether Zandian Acted In Good Faith

Zandian has not provided any valid reason for failing to respond to the requested discovery, the motion for sanctions or the application for judgment. Furthermore, he has not provided a reasonable explanation for waiting over five months to obtain other counsel despite having knowledge of the judgment entered against him.

Based upon the fact that Zandian knew about this case and continued to receive the papers and pleadings from this matter, it was inexcusable for Zandian not to respond to the

earlier discovery requests and motions. Zandian has not demonstrated good faith. In fact, Zandian has only demonstrated inexcusable neglect by his willful failure to respond to, and participate in, this action. Accordingly, the Court determines that Zandian lacked good faith in contesting this action.

e. Whether This Case Should Be Tried On The Merits For Policy Reasons

The Nevada Supreme Court has held that "good public policy dictates that cases be adjudicated on their merits." *See Kahn* 108 Nev. at 516, 835 P.2d at 794 (citing *Hotel Last Frontier v. Frontier Prop.*, 79 Nev. 150, 155–56, 380 P.2d 293, 295 (1963) (original emphasis). However, this policy has its limits:

We wish not to be understood, however, that this judicial tendency to grant relief from a default judgment implies that the trial court should always grant relief from a default judgment. Litigants and their counsel may not properly be allowed to disregard process or procedural rules with impunity. Lack of good faith or diligence, or lack of merit in the proposed defense, may very well warrant a denial of the motion for relief from the judgment.

Id. (citing Lentz v. Boles, 84 Nev. 197, 200, 438 P.2d at 256 (1968)).

Zandian has disregarded the process and procedural rules of this matter with impunity. He has repeatedly ignored this matter and failed to respond to the written discovery and motions in this matter since his former attorney John Peter Lee withdrew from representation. Zandian's lack of good faith or diligence warrants a denial of the motion to set aside.

Zandian's complete failure to respond to the discovery requests and subsequent motions evidences his willful and recalcitrant disregard of the judicial process, which prejudiced Plaintiff. *Foster v. Dingwall*, 227 P.3d 1042, 1049 (Nev. 2010) (citing *Hamlett v. Reynolds*, 114 Nev. 863, 865, 963 P.2d 457, 458 (1998) (upholding the district court's strike order where the defaulting party's "constant failure to follow [the court's] orders was unexplained and unwarranted"); *In re Phenylpropanolamine (PPA) Products*, 460 F.3d 1217, 1236 (9th Cir.2006) (holding that, with respect to discovery abuses, "[p]rejudice from unreasonable delay is presumed" and failure to comply with court orders mandating discovery "is sufficient prejudice")).

In light of Zandian's repeated and continued abuses, the policy of adjudicating cases on the merits would not be furthered in this case, and the ultimate sanctions are necessary to demonstrate to Zandian and future litigants that they are not free to act with wayward disregard of a court's orders. *Foster*, 227 P.3d at 1049. Moreover, Zandian's failure to oppose Plaintiff's motion to strike the General Denial or the application for judgment constitutes an admission that the motion and application were meritorious. *Id.* (*citing King v. Cartlidge*, 121 Nev. 926, 927, 124 P.3d 1161, 1162 (2005) (stating that an unopposed motion may be considered as an admission of merit and consent to grant the motion) (citing DCR 13(3)).

IV. CONCLUSION

The record provides substantial evidence to support this denial of Zandian's motion to set aside. Further, the policy of resolving cases on the merits does not allow litigants "to disregard process or procedural rules with impunity." *Kahn*, 108 Nev. at 516, 835 P.2d at 794 (quoting *Lentz v. Boles*, 84 Nev. 197, 200, 438 P.2d 254, 256–57 (1968)).

Zandian has failed to show mistake, inadvertence, surprise or excusable neglect pursuant to NRCP 60(b). Zandian had every opportunity to properly defend this action and instead made a voluntary choice not to. Therefore, Zandian's motion to set aside is hereby DENIED.

DATED: This 4 day of February, 2014. IT IS SO ORDERED:

JAMES T. RUSSELL DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING I hereby certify that on the 60 day of February, 2014, I placed a copy of the foregoing in the United States Mail, postage prepaid, addressed as follows: Matthew D. Francis Adam P. McMillen Watson Rounds 5371 Kietzke Lane Reno, NV 89511 Geoffrey W. Hawkins Johnathon Fayeghi Hawkins Melendrez, P.C. 9555 Hillwood Drive, Suite 150 Las Vegas, NV 89134 Law Clerk, Department I

1 Matthew D. Francis (6978)
Adam P. McMillen (10678)
WATSON ROUNDS
5371 Kietzke Lane
Reno, NV 89511
Telephone: 775-324-4100
Facsimile: 775-333-8171
Attorneys for Plaintiff Jed Margolin
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In The First Judicial District Court of the State of Nevada In and for Carson City

JED MARGOLIN, an individual,

Plaintiff,

vs.

OPTIMA TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION, a California corporation, OPTIMA TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION, a Nevada corporation, REZA ZANDIAN aka GOLAMREZA ZANDIANJAZI aka GHOLAM REZA ZANDIAN aka REZA JAZI aka J. REZA JAZI aka G. REZA JAZI aka GHONONREZA ZANDIAN JAZI, an individual, DOE Companies 1-10, DOE Corporations 11-20, and DOE Individuals 21-30,

NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER

Case No.: 090C00579 1B

Dept. No.: 1

Defendants.

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TO: All parties:

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PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that on February 6, 2014, the Court entered its Order

Denying Defendant Reza Zandian aka Golamreza Zandianjazi aka Gholam Reza Zandian aka

2425

Reza Jazi aka J. Reza Jazi aka G. Reza Jazi aka Ghononreza Zandian Jazi's Motion to Set

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Aside Default Judgment. Attached as Exhibit 1 is a true and correct copy of such Order. Affirmation Pursuant to NRS 239B.030 The undersigned does hereby affirm that the preceding document does not contain the social security number of any person. DATED: February 2, 2014. WATSON ROUNDS mentler Matthew D. Francis Adam P. McMillen Watson Rounds 5371 Kietzke Lane Reno, NV 89511 Attorneys for Plaintiff Jed Margolin

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of Watson Rounds, and that on this date, I deposited for mailing, in a sealed envelope, with first-class postage prepaid, a true and correct copy of the foregoing document, **Notice of Entry of Order**, addressed as follows:

Johnathon Fayeghi, Esq. Hawkins Melendrez 9555 Hillwood Dr., Suite 150 Las Vegas, NV 89134 Counsel for Reza Zandian

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Optima Technology Corp. A California corporation 8401 Bonita Downs Road Fair Oaks, CA 95628

Optima Technology Corp. A Nevada corporation 8401 Bonita Downs Road Fair Oaks, CA 95628

Optima Technology Corp. A California corporation 8775 Costa Verde Blvd. #501 San Diego, CA 92122

Optima Technology Corp. A Nevada corporation 8775 Costa Verde Blvd. #501 San Diego, CA 92122

Dated: February 10th, 2014.

Nancy R. Lindsley

Exhibit 1

Exhibit 1

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Case No.: 09 OC 00579 1B

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Defendants.

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This matter comes before the Court on REZA ZANDIAN aka GOLAMREZA ZANDIANJAZI aka GHOLAM REZA ZANDIAN aka REZA JAZI aka J. REZA JAZI aka G. REZA JAZI aka GHONONREZA ZANDIAN JAZI's ("Zandian") Motion to Set Aside Default Judgment, dated December 19, 2013. Plaintiff Jed Margolin filed an Opposition to Set Aside Default Judgment on January 19, 2014. Zandian served a reply in support of the Motion to Set Aside on January 23, 2014. Based upon the following facts and conclusions of law, Zandian's Motion to Set Aside is DENIED. 111

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Specifically, Zandian has not met the factors set forth in *Kahn* to compel the court to set aside the judgment. *Id.* at 513, 835 P.2d at 792–93 (holding that the district court must consider whether the party moving to set aside a judgment promptly applied to remove the judgment, lacked intent to delay the proceedings, lacked knowledge of the procedural requirements, and demonstrated good faith, in addition to considering the state's underlying policy of resolving cases on the merits). Zandian failed to promptly apply for relief, has not established a lack of intent to delay these proceedings or a lack of knowledge of the procedural requirements, and did not provide a good-faith reason for the over five-and-a-half-month gap between entry of default and the time he obtained new counsel and filed the Motion to Set Aside Default Judgment.

a. Zandian Did Not Promptly Apply To Remove The Judgment

Even though a motion to set aside a judgment may be filed within the six month deadline provided for in NRCP 60(b), a party can still fail to act promptly. *See Kahn* 108 Nev. at 514, 835 P.2d at 793. Therefore, "want of diligence in seeking to set aside a judgment is ground enough for denial of such a motion." *Id.* (citing *Union Petrochemical Corp. v. Scott,* 96 Nev. 337, 339, 609 P.2d 323, 324 (1980) (citing *Lentz v. Boles,* 84 Nev. 197, 438 P.2d 254 (1968); *Hotel Last Frontier v. Frontier Prop.,* 79 Nev. 150, 380 P.2d 293 (1963)).

Despite his knowledge of the default judgment, Zandian did not move to have the judgment set aside until nearly six months after its entry. Although Zandian argues he did not receive notice of the various proceedings, notice was mailed to his address. Therefore, the

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notice requirement of NRCP 55 was fulfilled as Plaintiff served written notice of the application for default judgment. Moreover, NRCP 55 is likely not implicated since the judgment ultimately resulted from sanctions arising from Zandian's failure to respond to discovery. See Durango Fire Protection, Inc. v. Troncoso, 120 Nev. 658 (2004) (trial court's entry of judgment for plaintiff, in action for breach of contract, after striking defendant's answer was a sanction for defendant's failure to appear at several hearings and calendar calls rather than a default judgment, and thus, civil procedure rule requiring written notice before entry of default judgment was not applicable).

Further, First Judicial District Court Rule 22(3) expressly states that "[a]ny form of order permitting withdrawal of an attorney submitted to the Court for signature shall contain the address at which the party is to be served with notice of all further proceedings." Plaintiff had a right to rely on the address given by Zandian's prior attorney.

No evidence supports Zandian's claims that he lacked knowledge of this matter. Even if Zandian was living in France, for which no competent evidence has been provided to this Court, Zandian was required to provide the Court and the parties with his new address. However, Zandian never informed this Court or the parties of any address change. The record demonstrates that the Plaintiff's discovery requests, motions, application for judgment, orders and notice of judgment were all mailed to Zandian's address of record. Under NRCP 5(b), service by mail is complete upon mailing. Thus, Zandian received notice of the proceedings and his repeated failure to respond constituted inexcusable neglect.

b. Zandian Has Failed To Show He Lacked Intent To Delay

Zandian received all of the papers and pleadings in this matter. However, he failed to respond to Plaintiff's discovery and willfully ignored the proceedings of this matter. In fact, Zandian waited nearly six months to secure new counsel and file the motion to set aside.

Furthermore, Zandian failed to file an opposition to the application for judgment.

Accordingly, the Court finds that Zandian has failed to establish the absence of an intent to delay.

c. Whether Zandian Lacked Knowledge Of Procedural Requirements

Zandian unquestionably had notice of the written discovery, motions and orders filed in this matter, and yet he ignored all of these documents. All that was required of Zandian was to either personally respond to the discovery and motions or obtain counsel to appear on his behalf. Zandian knew discovery had been served but deliberately chose to ignore it. Zandian knew a motion for sanctions and an application for judgment had been filed, which led to the judgment, but Zandian chose to ignore those items as well. Zandian's failure to obtain new counsel or otherwise act on his own behalf is inexcusable. *See Kahn* 108 Nev. at 514-15, 835 P.2d at 793-4. As the Nevada Supreme Court stated in *Kahn*:

we are not confronted here with some subtle or technical aspect of procedure, ignorance of which could readily be excused. The requirements of the rule are simple and direct. To condone the actions of a party who has sat on its rights only to make a last-minute rush to set aside judgment would be to turn NRCP 60(b) into a device for delay rather than the means for relief from an oppressive judgment that it was intended to be.

Id. (citing Union, 96 Nev. at 339, 609 P.2d at 324 (citing Franklin v. Bartsas Realty, Inc., 95 Nev. 559, 598 P.2d 1147 (1979); Central Operating Co. v. Utility Workers of America, 491 F.2d 245 (4th Cir.1974)) (emphasis added in original)).

Zandian had sufficient knowledge to act responsibly. He had previously retained counsel to defend this action and retained new counsel to set aside the judgment. Therefore, this Court cannot conclude that Zandian failed to respond to set aside the default judgment because he was ignorant of procedural requirements.

d. Whether Zandian Acted In Good Faith

Zandian has not provided any valid reason for failing to respond to the requested discovery, the motion for sanctions or the application for judgment. Furthermore, he has not provided a reasonable explanation for waiting over five months to obtain other counsel despite having knowledge of the judgment entered against him.

Based upon the fact that Zandian knew about this case and continued to receive the papers and pleadings from this matter, it was inexcusable for Zandian not to respond to the

earlier discovery requests and motions. Zandian has not demonstrated good faith. In fact, Zandian has only demonstrated inexcusable neglect by his willful failure to respond to, and participate in, this action. Accordingly, the Court determines that Zandian lacked good faith in contesting this action.

e. Whether This Case Should Be Tried On The Merits For Policy Reasons

The Nevada Supreme Court has held that "good public policy dictates that cases be adjudicated on their merits." *See Kahn* 108 Nev. at 516, 835 P.2d at 794 (citing *Hotel Last Frontier v. Frontier Prop.*, 79 Nev. 150, 155–56, 380 P.2d 293, 295 (1963) (original emphasis). However, this policy has its limits:

We wish not to be understood, however, that this judicial tendency to grant relief from a default judgment implies that the trial court should always grant relief from a default judgment. Litigants and their counsel may not properly be allowed to disregard process or procedural rules with impunity. Lack of good faith or diligence, or lack of merit in the proposed defense, may very well warrant a denial of the motion for relief from the judgment.

Id. (citing Lentz v. Boles, 84 Nev. 197, 200, 438 P.2d at 256 (1968)).

Zandian has disregarded the process and procedural rules of this matter with impunity.

He has repeatedly ignored this matter and failed to respond to the written discovery and motions in this matter since his former attorney John Peter Lee withdrew from representation.

Zandian's lack of good faith or diligence warrants a denial of the motion to set aside.

Zandian's complete failure to respond to the discovery requests and subsequent motions evidences his willful and recalcitrant disregard of the judicial process, which prejudiced Plaintiff. Foster v. Dingwall, 227 P.3d 1042, 1049 (Nev. 2010) (citing Hamlett v. Reynolds, 114 Nev. 863, 865, 963 P.2d 457, 458 (1998) (upholding the district court's strike order where the defaulting party's "constant failure to follow [the court's] orders was unexplained and unwarranted"); In re Phenylpropanolamine (PPA) Products, 460 F.3d 1217, 1236 (9th Cir.2006) (holding that, with respect to discovery abuses, "[p]rejudice from unreasonable delay is presumed" and failure to comply with court orders mandating discovery "is sufficient prejudice")).

In light of Zandian's repeated and continued abuses, the policy of adjudicating cases on the merits would not be furthered in this case, and the ultimate sanctions are necessary to demonstrate to Zandian and future litigants that they are not free to act with wayward disregard of a court's orders. *Foster*, 227 P.3d at 1049. Moreover, Zandian's failure to oppose Plaintiff's motion to strike the General Denial or the application for judgment constitutes an admission that the motion and application were meritorious. *Id.* (*citing King v. Cartlidge*, 121 Nev. 926, 927, 124 P.3d 1161, 1162 (2005) (stating that an unopposed motion may be considered as an admission of merit and consent to grant the motion) (citing DCR 13(3)).

IV. CONCLUSION

The record provides substantial evidence to support this denial of Zandian's motion to set aside. Further, the policy of resolving cases on the merits does not allow litigants "to disregard process or procedural rules with impunity." *Kahn*, 108 Nev. at 516, 835 P.2d at 794 (quoting *Lentz v. Boles*, 84 Nev. 197, 200, 438 P.2d 254, 256–57 (1968)).

Zandian has failed to show mistake, inadvertence, surprise or excusable neglect pursuant to NRCP 60(b). Zandian had every opportunity to properly defend this action and instead made a voluntary choice not to. Therefore, Zandian's motion to set aside is hereby DENIED.

DATED: This 6th day of February, 2014. IT IS SO ORDERED:

JAMES T. RUSSELL DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING I hereby certify that on the 60 day of February, 2014, I placed a copy of the foregoing in the United States Mail, postage prepaid, addressed as follows: Matthew D. Francis Adam P. McMillen Watson Rounds 5371 Kietzke Lane Reno, NV 89511 Geoffrey W. Hawkins Johnathon Fayeghi Hawkins Melendrez, P.C. 9555 Hillwood Drive, Suite 150 Las Vegas, NV 89134 Law Clerk, Department I

CIVIL COVER SHEET Carson County, Nevada

REC'D & FILED (Assigned by Clerk's Office) I. Party Information Plaintiff(s) (name/address/phone): Defendant(s) (name/address/phone): Optima Technology, Reza JED MARGOLIN Zandian, aka Golamreza Zandianjazi Attorney (name/address/phone): Attorney (name/address/phone): Matthew Francis, Esq, WATSON ROUNDS 5371 Kietzke Ln, Reno, NV 89511 324-4100 II. Nature of Controversy (Please check applicable bold category and Arbitration Requested applicable subcategory, if appropriate) Civil Cases Real Property Torts Negligence Landlord/Tenant Product Liability ☐ Negligence – Auto Product Liability/Motor Vehicle Unlawful Detainer Other Torts/Product Liability ☐ Negligence – Medical/Dental ☐ Title to Property ☐ Negligence - Premises Liability Intentional Misconduct ☐ Foreclosure Dorts/Defamation (Libel/Slander) (Slip/Fall) Liens Interfere with Contract Rights Negligence - Other ☐ Quiet Title ☐ Employment Torts (Wrongful termination) ☐ Specific Performance Other Torts Condemnation/Eminent Domain ☐ Anti-trust Fraud/Misrepresentation Other Real Property Insurance Partition Legal Tort ☐ Planning/Zoning Unfair Competition Probate Other Civil Filing Types Construction Defect Appeal from Lower Court (also ch Estimated Estate Value: applicable civil case box) Chapter 40 ☐ Transfer from Justice Court ■ Summary Administration General ☐ Justice Court Civil Appeal ☐ General Administration ☐ Breach of Contract **Building & Construction** ☐ Civil Writ ☐ Special Administration Insurance Carrier Other Special Proceeding ☐ Set Aside Estates Commercial Instrument Other Civil Filing Other Contracts/Acct/Judgment ☐ Trust/Conservatorships Compromise of Minor's C Collection of Actions Conversion of Property
Damage to Property ☐ Individual Trustee **Employment Contract** Corporate Trustee Guarantee **Employment Security**

See other side for family-related case filings.

Sale Contract

III. Business Court Requested (Please check applicable category; for Clark or Washoe Counties only.)

Civil Petition for Judicial Review

☐ Foreclosure Mediation

Investments (NRS 104 Art. 8)

Trademarks (NRS 600A)

Uniform Commercial Code

Other Administrative Law

Department of Motor Vehicles

■ Worker's Compensation Appeal

Deceptive Trade Practices (NRS 598)

Page 1 of 2

12-09 Civil Co

Enforcement of Judgment

Foreign Judgment - Civil

Other Personal Property

Recovery of Property

Stockholder Suit

Signature of initiating party or representative

☐ Other Civil Matters

☐ Enhanced Case Mgmt/B

Other Business Court M

☐ NRS Chapters 78-88

Securities (NRS 90)

Commodities (NRS 90)

December 10, 2009

Date

Other Probate

FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT MINUTES

CASE NO. 09 OC 00579 1B

TITLE:

JED MARGOLIN VS OPTIMA

TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION, a California corporation; OPTIMA

TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION, a

Nevada corporation; REZA ZANDIAN aka

GOLAMREZA ZANDIANJAZI aka GHOLAM REZA ZANDIAN aka REZA

JAZI aka J. REZA JAZI aka G. REZA JAZI

aka GHONONREZA ZANDIAN JAZI, an

individual

06/19/12 – DEPT. I – HONORABLE JAMES T. RUSSELL J. Higgins, Clerk – Not Reported

MINUTE ORDER

COURT ORDERED: A copy of the document entitled Plaintiff's Motion to Compel Appearance of Counsel for Optima Technology Corporations, or in the Alternative, Motion to Strike General Denial of Optima Technology Corporations filed May 15, 2012 is to be used in the place and stead of the original as it is missing.